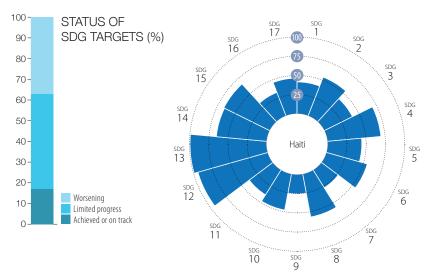
# HAITI

## **OVERALL PERFORMANCE**





## AVERAGE PERFORMANCE BY SDG



# SDG DASHBOARDS AND TRENDS



Note: The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sdgs.un.org

## INTERNATIONAL SPILLOVER INDEX



### STATISTICAL PERFORMANCE INDEX



### MISSING DATA IN SDG INDEX

8%



SDG1 – No Poverty	Value Year Rating Trend	SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value Year Rating	j Tren
Poverty headcount ratio at \$2.15/day (2017 PPP, %)	24.9 2024 • 🔸	Rural population with access to all-season roads (%)	82.1 2024 •	•
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.65/day (2017 PPP, %)	43.1 2024 • 🔸	Population using the internet (%)	39.3 2019 •	•
SDG2 – Zero Hunger		Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	28.2 2021 •	7
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	45.0 2021 • 🔸	Logistics Performance Index: Infrastructure score (worst 1–5 best)	1.8 2023 •	<b>→</b>
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	21.9 2017 • •	The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of	0.0 2024	
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	3.7 2017 • •	top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	0.0 2024	
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% of adult population)	10.7 2022 • 🔸	Articles published in academic journals (per 1,000 population)	0.0 2022 •	<b>→</b>
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.1 2021 • 👈	Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	NA NA •	•
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	1.1 2022 • →	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities		
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	0.8 2018 • →	Gini coefficient	41.1 2012	
Exports of hazardous pesticides (tonnes per million population)	0.0 2020 • •	Palma ratio	2.0 2012	•
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being		SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities		
Maternal mortality ratio (per 100,000 live births)	350.4 2020 • →	Proportion of urban population living in slums (%)	48.9 2020	7
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	23.9 2022 • →	Annual mean concentration of PM2.5 (μg/m³)	14.6 2022	7
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	56.5 2022	Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	15.3 2022	•
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	154.0 2022	Population with convenient access to public transport in cities (%)	13.7 2020 •	•
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	0.6 2022 • 💆	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production	0.6.2015	
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	31.3 2019 • 👈	Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	0.6 2015	
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and	000 0000	Electronic waste (kg/capita)  Production-based air pollution (DALYs per 1,000 population)	NA NA •	•
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	206 2019 • •	Production-based air pollution (DALYs per 1,000 population)  Air pollution associated with imports (DALYs per 1,000 population)	0.5 2024 • 0.5 2024 •	<b>T</b>
Traffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	31.3 2021 • 🔸	Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	14.8 2024	4
Life expectancy at birth (years)	63.2 2021 • 🔸	Nitrogen emissions associated with imports (kg/capita)	2.3 2024	4
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 females aged 15 to 19)	54.8 2015 • •	Exports of plastic waste (kg/capita)	NA NA •	
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	41.6 2017 • •	SDG13 - Climate Action	IVA IVA	
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	65 2022 🔸 🕹	CO <sub>2</sub> emissions from fossil fuel combustion and cement production (tCO <sub>2</sub> /capita)	0.2 2022	4
Universal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage	54 2021 • →	GHG emissions embodied in imports (tCO <sub>2</sub> /capita)	0.5 2021	4
(worst 0–100 best)		CO <sub>2</sub> emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)  *	0.0 2023	
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	3.6 2018 • •	SDG14 – Life Below Water	0.0 2023	
SDG4 – Quality Education		Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	24.6 2023	-
Participation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6)	NA NA • •	Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)	34.8 2023	Ţ
Net primary enrollment rate (%)	NA NA • •	Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	7.7 2018	4
Lower secondary completion rate (%)	NA NA •	Fish caught by trawling or dredging (%)	NA NA •	•
Literacy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	83.0 2016	Fish caught that are then discarded (%)	0.0 2019	
SDG5 – Gender Equality	05.0 2010	Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.0 2018	•
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods	•	SDG15 – Life on Land		
(% of females aged 15 to 49)	45.4 2016 • →	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	31.7 2023	->
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	81.1 2022 • 🗷	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	83.9 2023	1
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	86.8 2023 • 👈	Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)	0.72 2024	4
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)	2.5 2020 • •	Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 3-year average)	0.2 2022	4
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation		Imported deforestation (m²/capita)	2.6 2022	1
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	67.4 2022 • 👈	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions		
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	37.5 2022 • 🔷	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	18.0 2022	4
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	13.4 2021 • 🛧	Crime is effectively controlled (worst 0–1 best)	0.42 2022	•
Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	7.1 2020 • •	Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	66.8 2018	•
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m <sup>3</sup> H <sub>2</sub> O eq/capita)	278.7 2024 • 🛧	Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	84.8 2017	•
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy		Corruption Perceptions Index (worst 0–1 best)	17.0 2023	-
Population with access to electricity (%)	47.2 2021 • →	Children involved in child labor (%)	35.5 2012	
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	4.3 2021 • →	Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per		
CO <sub>2</sub> emissions from fuel combustion per total electricity output (MtCO <sub>2</sub> /TWh)	2.3 2022 • →	100,000 population)  Press Freedom Index (worst 0–1 best)	0.0 2023 • 55.9 2024 •	<b>4</b>
Renewable energy share in total final energy consumption (%)	4.2 2020 • →	Access to and affordability of justice (worst 0–1 best)		
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth			0.37 2022	
Adjusted GDP growth (%)	-8.6 2022 • •	Timeliness of administrative proceedings (worst 0–1 best)	0.26 2022	-
Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	8.2 2022	Expropriations are lawful and adequately compensated (worst 0–1 best)  SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals	0.31 2022	-
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	32.6 2017 • •	Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	1.7 2022 •	4
Unemployment rate (% of total labor force, ages 15+)	14.7 2024 • 🔸	For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	NA NA •	
Fundamental labor rights are effectively guaranteed (worst 0–1 best)	0.48 2022	public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)		
Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per million population)	0.1 2018 • →	Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)  Corporate Tax Haven score (best 0–100 worst)  *	NA NA • 0 2021 •	•
		·		
Victims of modern slavery embodied in imports	4.6 2018 • •	Statistical Performance Index (worst 0–100 best)	40.6 2022 •	7

<sup>\*</sup> Imputed data point, \*\* Not applicable  ${\sf NA} = {\sf Data}$  not available

